

# Fusc-like 6歩走

$$(0) f.0 = 13$$

$$(1) f.1 = e37$$

$$(2) f.(2 * n) = f.n + 2, 0 < n$$

$$(3) f.(2 * n + 1) = f.n + 3 * f.(n + 1) + 6, 0 < n$$

## 1. Choose invariants

$$P0: \alpha * f.n + \beta * f.(n + 1) + \gamma = f.N$$

$$P1: 1 \leq n \leq N$$

## 2. Establish

$$n, \alpha, \beta, \gamma := N, 1, 0, 0$$

## 3. Guard

we observe

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1  P0 ∧ P1 ∧ n = 1
2  ⇒    {definitions of P0, P1}
3  α*f.0 + β*f.1 + γ = f.N ∧ 1≤n≤N ∧ n=1
4  =    {leibniz}
5  α*f.1 + β*f.2 + γ = f.N ∧ true
6  =    {predicate calculus}
7  α*f.1 + β*f.2 + γ = f.N
8  =    {(1), (2)(1) with n = 1}
9  α*37 + β*(37+2) + γ = f.N
10 =    {arithmetic}
11 α*37 + β*39 + γ = f.N
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$$n \neq 1$$

## 4. vf.

$$n$$

## 5. Loop body

<pre> P0 =      {definition P0} <math>\alpha * f.n + \beta * f.(n+1) + \gamma = f.N</math> =      {case analysis, even.n i.e. <math>n = 2 * p</math>} <math>\alpha * f.(2 * p) + \beta * f.(2 * p + 1) + \gamma = f.N</math> =      {definition f (2) (3)} <math>\alpha * (f.p + 2) + \beta * (f.p + 3 * f.(p+1) + 6) + \gamma = f.N</math> =      {*/+} <math>\alpha * f.p + \alpha * 2 + \beta * f.p + \beta * 3 * f.(p+1) + \beta * 6 + \gamma = f.N</math> =      {gather terms} <math>(\alpha + \beta) * f.p + \beta * 3 * f.(p+1) + \alpha * 2 + \beta * 6 + \gamma = f.N</math> =      {WP} <math>(n, \alpha, \beta, \gamma := n \text{ div } 2, \alpha + \beta, \beta * 3, \alpha * 2 + \beta * 6 + \gamma).P0</math> </pre>	<p>The other case</p> <pre> P0 =      {definition P0} <math>\alpha * f.n + \beta * f.(n+1) + \gamma = f.N</math> =      {case analysis, odd.n i.e. <math>n = 2 * p + 1</math>} <math>\alpha * f.(2 * p + 1) + \beta * f.(2 * p + 2) + \gamma = f.N</math> =      {(2), (3)} <math>\alpha * (f.p + 3 * f.(p+1) + 6) + \beta * (f.(p+1) + 2) + \gamma = f.N</math> =      {*/+} <math>\alpha * f.p + \alpha * 3 * f.(p+1) + \alpha * 6 + \beta * f.(p+1) + \beta * 2 + \gamma = f.N</math> =      {gather terms} <math>\alpha * f.p + (\alpha * 3 + \beta) * f.(p+1) + \alpha * 6 + \beta * 2 + \gamma = f.N</math> =      {WP} <math>(n, \alpha, \beta, \gamma := (n-1) \text{ div } 2, \alpha, (\alpha * 3 + \beta), \alpha * 6 + \beta * 2 + \gamma).P0</math> </pre>
<p>Giving us  <i>ifeven.n</i> <math>\rightarrow n, \alpha, \beta, \gamma := n \text{ div } 2, \alpha + \beta, \beta * 3, \alpha * 2 + \beta * 6 + \gamma</math></p>	<p>Giving us  <i>ifodd.n</i> <math>\rightarrow n, \alpha, \beta, \gamma := (n-1) \text{ div } 2, \alpha, (\alpha * 3 + \beta), \alpha * 6 + \beta * 2 + \gamma</math></p>

## 6. Finished Algorithm.

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1  if N = 0 → r := 13
2  [] N = 1 → r := 37
3  [] N > 1 →
4      n, α, β, γ := N, 1, 0, 0
5      ;do n ≠ 1 →
6          if even.n → n, α, β, γ := n div 2, α + β, β * 3, α * 2 + β * 6 + γ
7          [] odd.n → n, α, β, γ := (n-1) div 2, α, (α * 3 + β), α * 6 +
β * 2 + γ
8          fi
9      od
10     ;r := α * 37 + β * 39 + γ
11 fi

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